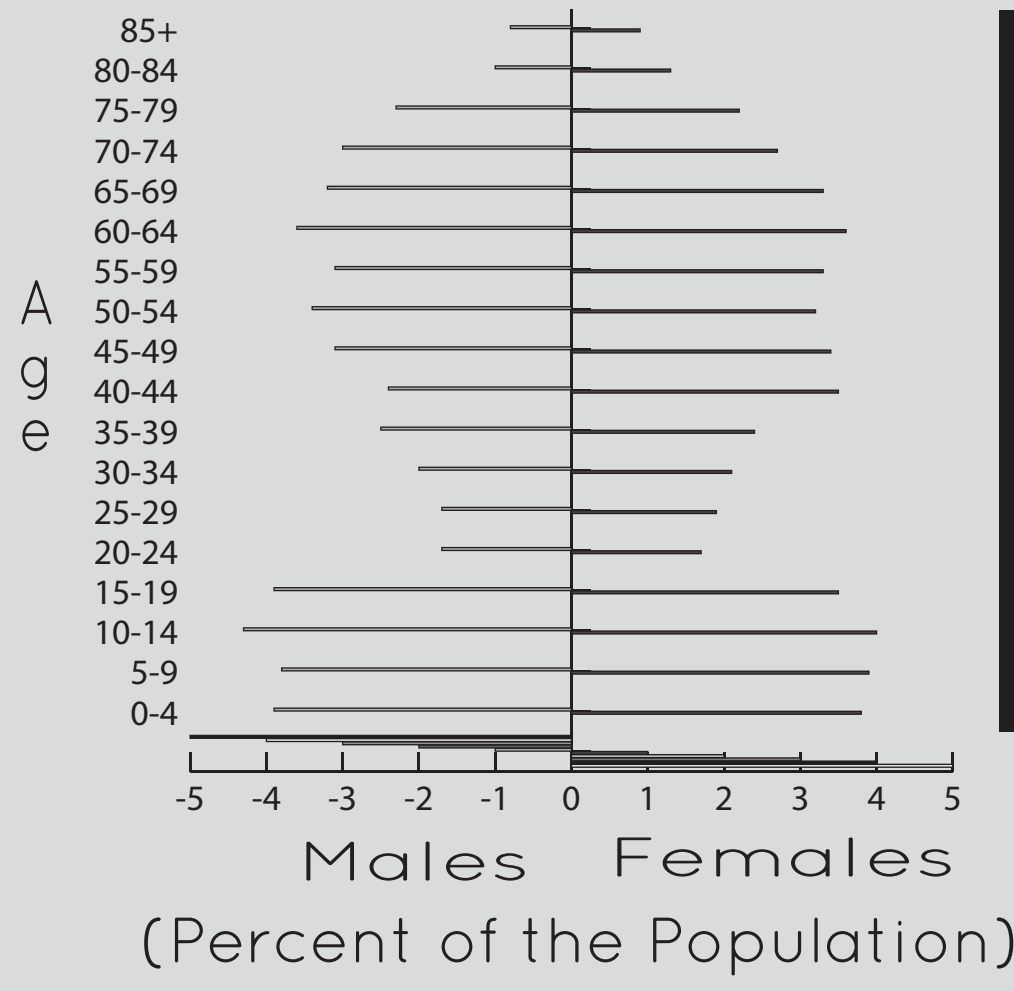


# Osceola

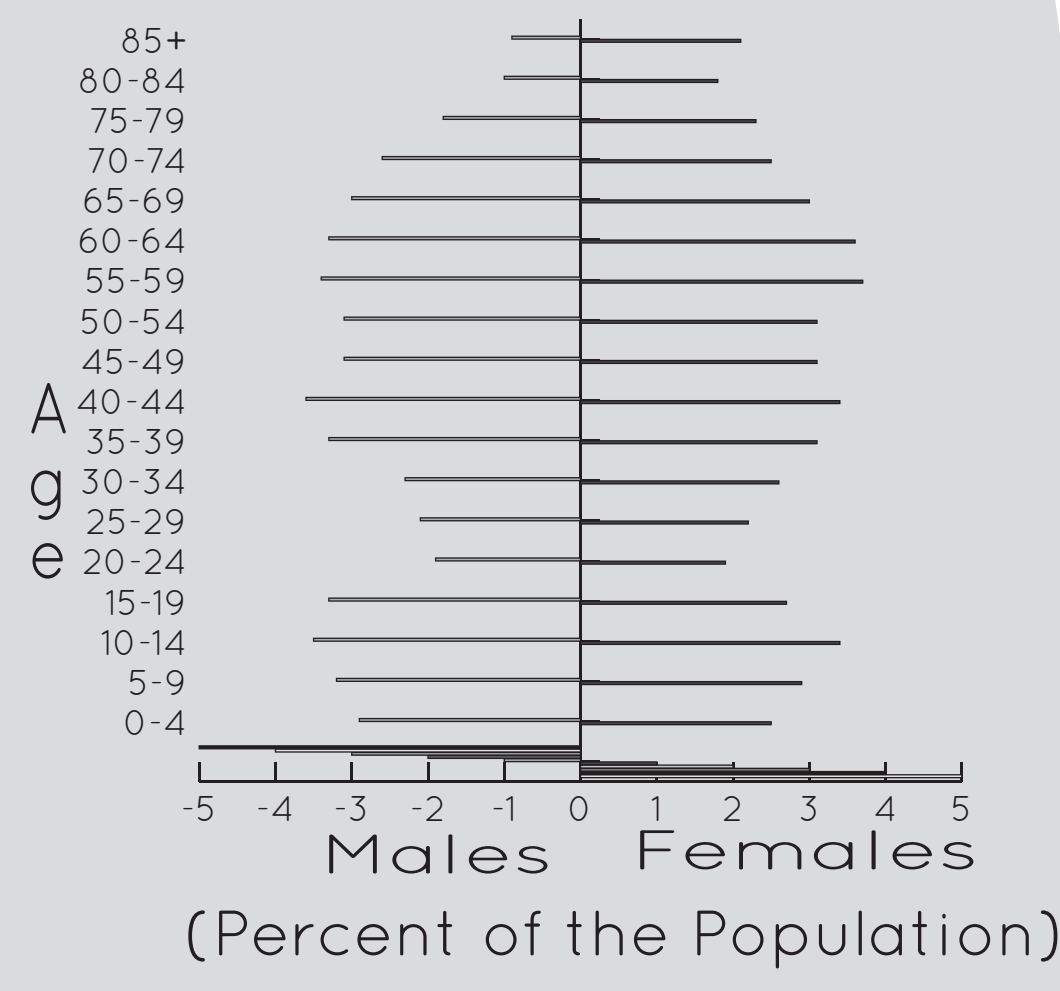
## demographics

Population: St. Clair County\_1960

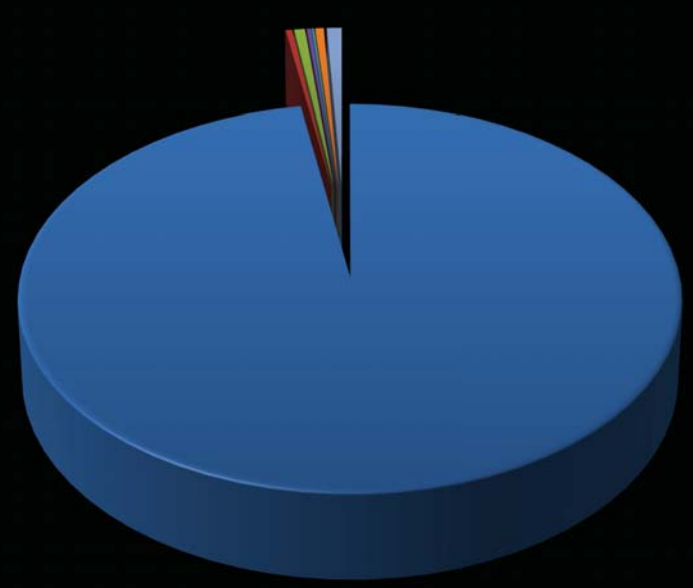
Population: St. Clair County\_2000



The population distribution between 1960 and 2000 indicates a need to provide opportunities for the high school graduates.

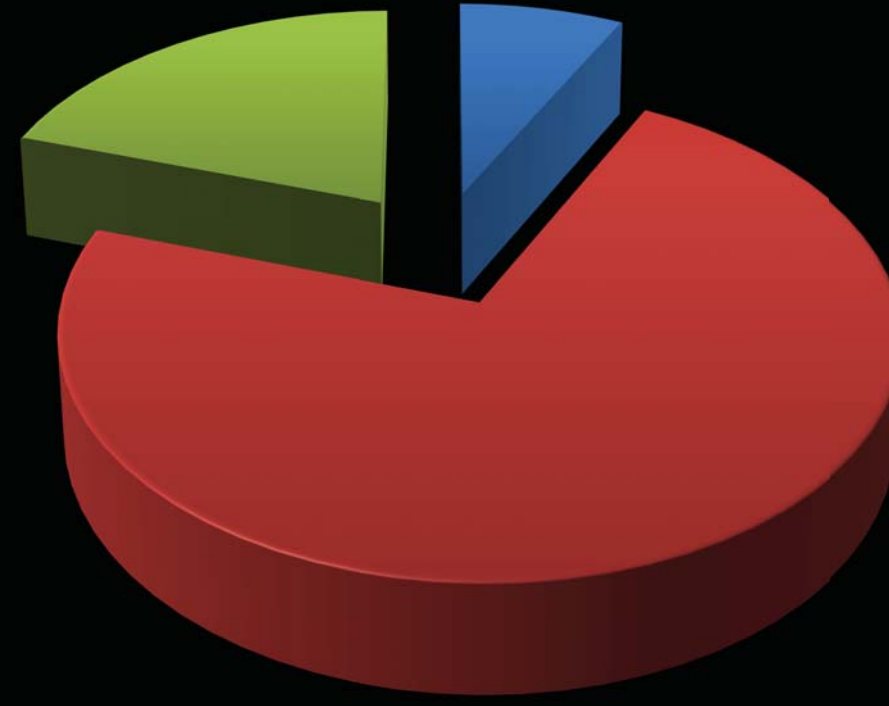


RACE (Osceola)



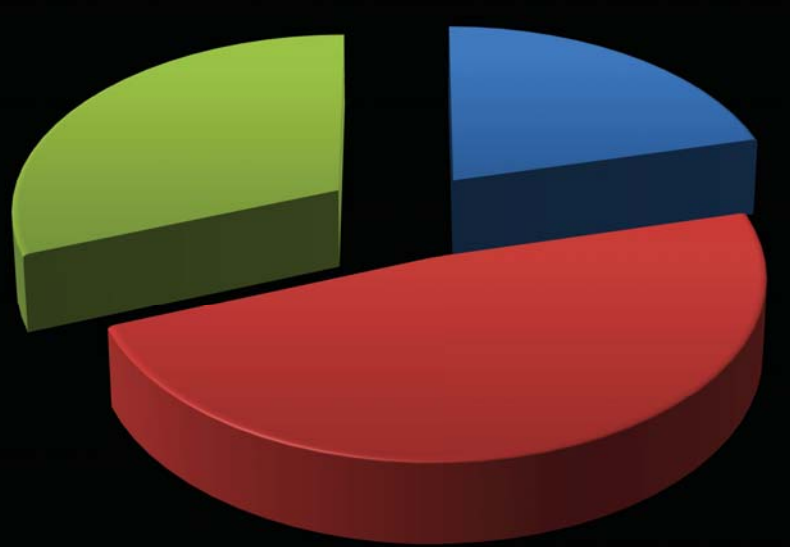
- Caucasian
- Black, or African American
- American Indian & Alaska Native
- Asian
- Native Hawaiian & other Pacific Islander
- Some Other Race
- 2+ Races

AGE (Osceola)



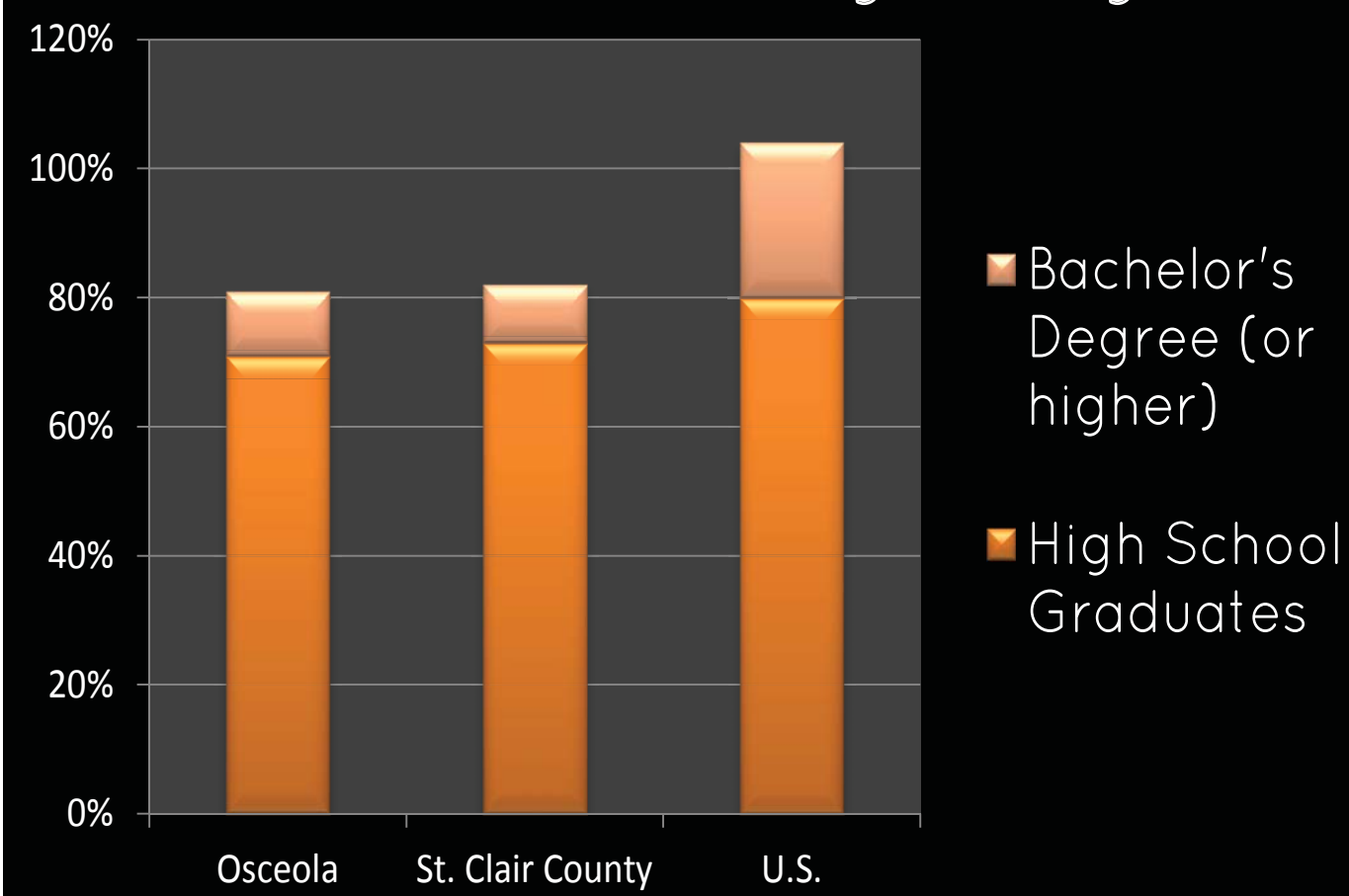
- Under 5
- 18 - 64
- 65+

HOUSING UNITS (Osceola)



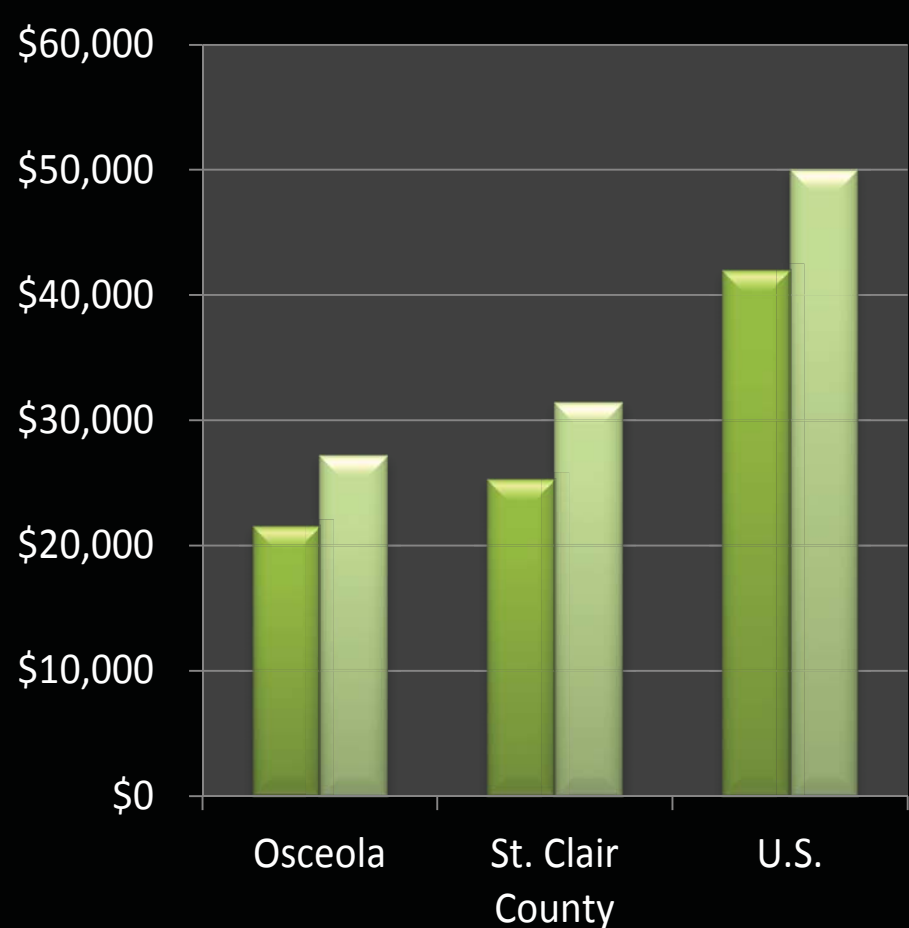
- Vacant Housing Units
- Owner-Occupied Units
- Renter-Occupied Units

EDUCATION LEVELS (City, County, U.S.)



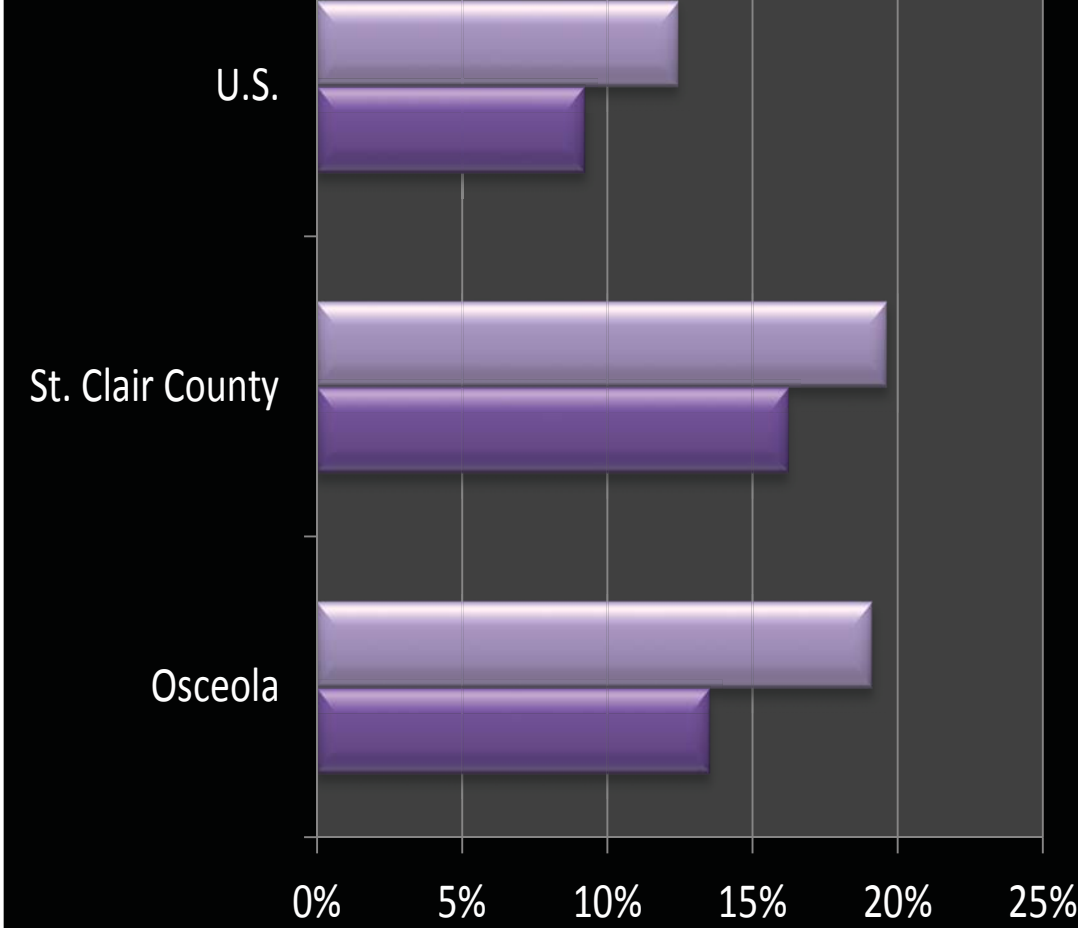
- Bachelor's Degree (or higher)
- High School Graduates

INCOME (City, County, U.S.)



- Median Household Income (in 1999)
- Median Family Income (in 1999)

POVERTY LEVELS (City, County, U.S.)



- Individuals below poverty level
- Families below poverty level

### Key Points

- The region's population level is affected by graduates leaving the area for either higher education or employment opportunities.
- Lacking in diversity, an addition of cultural programs could be of significance.
- There is a significant amount of vacant housing units, with growing trends in rental property.
- High school graduation levels are on track with nationwide statistics; however, higher education opportunities aren't available.
- The median income level is nearly half the national average.

